Performance

Performance and metrics

Climate change indicators

We use the following indicators to monitor energy demand and intensity, and consequently, identify opportunities for energy efficiency in our business units. We also monitor progress toward our goal of increasing the use of clean energy aligned with our goal of reaching 100% by 2028, if the regulatory framework allows us. In 2023, we reduced our GHG emissions by 14.17% through decarbonization initiatives, and energy consumption decreased by 7.77% compared to 2022.

All information below includes metrics for Industrias Peñoles and subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated.

Global GHG emissions (tCO₂e)- (MWhe)

Global GHG emissions for the pe from January 1 to December 31,

Scope 1 (direct emissions):

Combustion of fuels (stationary mobile sources) and process

Scope 2 (indirect):

Electricity purchased from the n grid (CFE), Eólica Peñoles (FEISA La Paz, and EDC), and Termoeléo Peñoles (TEP)

The consolidation of emissions is presented according to the financial control approach, based on methodologies established by the Greenhouse Gas Protocol in A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard published by the World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD) and the World Resources Institute (WRI), and a 100-year horizon in Global Warming Potential (GWP) for equivalences of methane (CH₄) and nitrous oxide (N₂O). It also incorporates information published by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) and Mexican regulations issued on the matter.

Scope 1: Direct emissions Scope 2: Market-based indirect emissions



	GHG emissions (tCO ₂ e)					Energy (MWhe)			
period 1, 2023	Reporting year 2023				Previous year 2022	Base year 2012	Reporting year 2023	Previous year 2022	В У 2
	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂	tCH ₄	tN ₂ O					
y and	1,216,142	1,200,400	96	35	1,347,660	823,932	4,394,808	4,918,702	3,52
national SA, Mesa éctrica	1,429,896	1,424,499	32	6	1,735,378	2,073,331	3,092,940	3,199,665	2,36









Performance

51

Energy %

CEO's letter

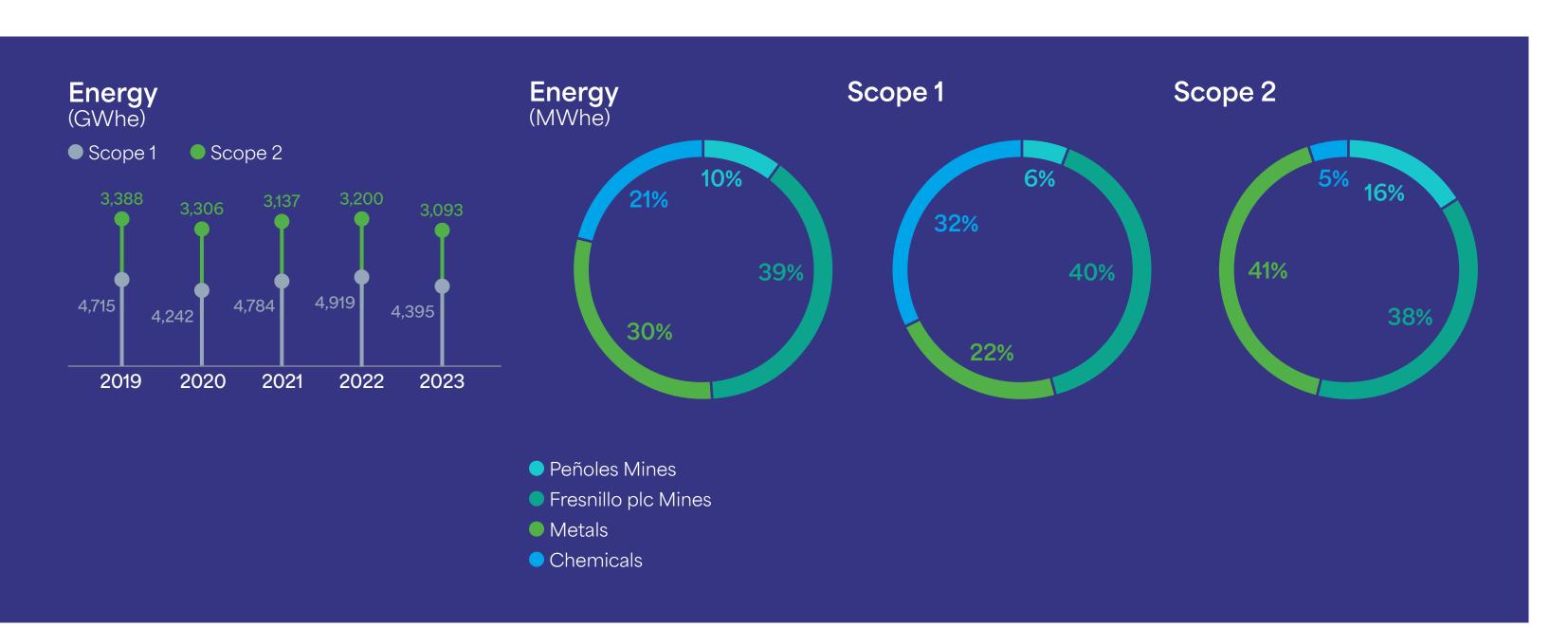
Energy-GHG profile 0 4 9 1 Electricity from Mesa La Paz (wind) 45 18 Electricity from EDC (wind) 2 Electricity from FEISA (wind) 8 8 2 Cogeneration 10

6

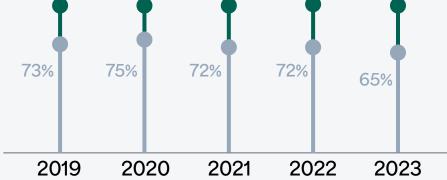
37

35%

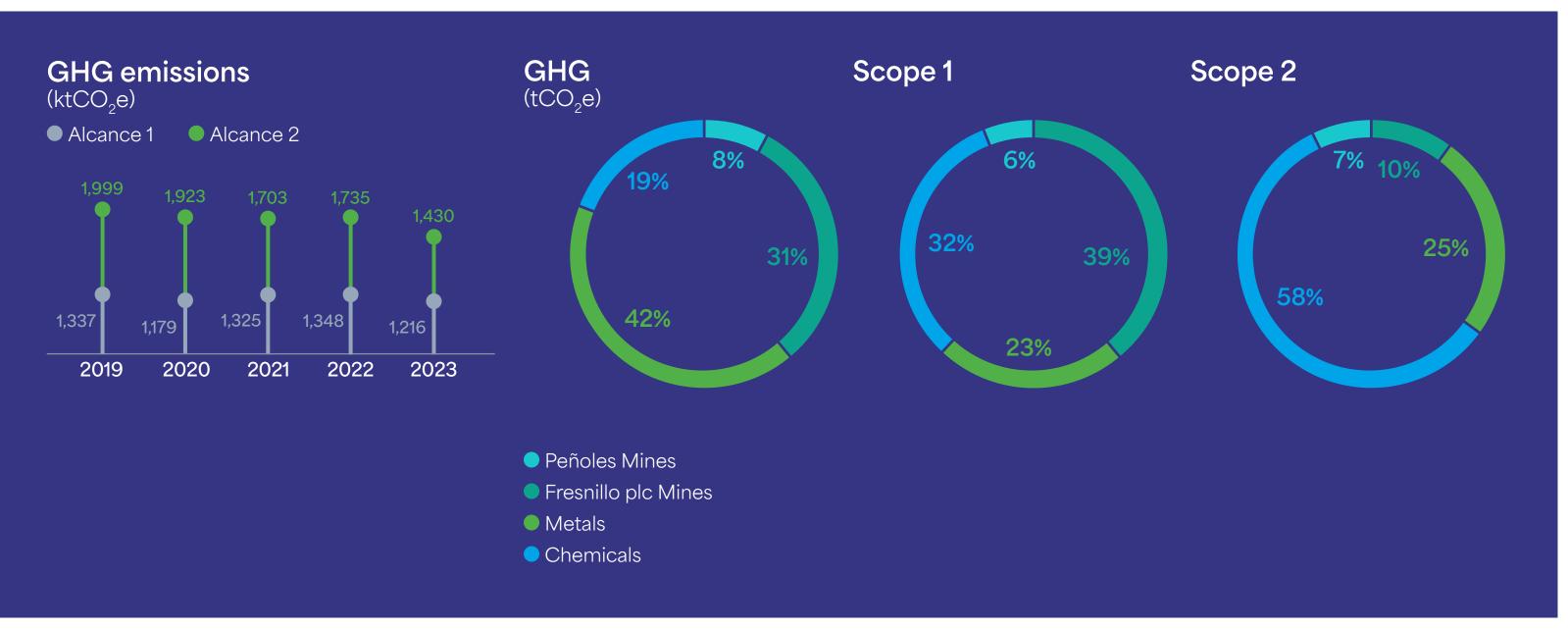
- Electricity from TEP
- Electricity • Electricity from the National Grid
- Combustion of fossil fuels (contractors)
- Combustion of fossil fuels



Energy supply (MWh) Other sources Wind energy 25% 28% 28% 27%



GHG %





CEO's letter

Energy intensity (MWhe / t ore processed)





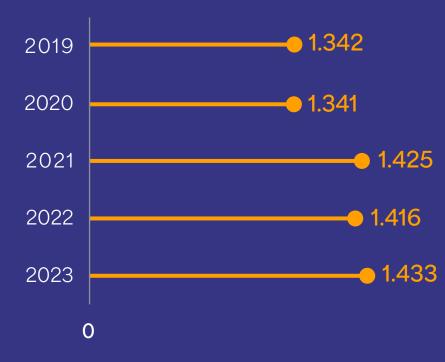
Fresnillo plc Mines



Energy intensity (MWhe / t production)



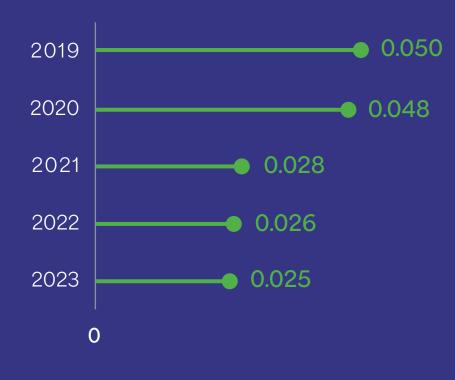
Chemicals



Production Metals and Chemicals includes products and by-products

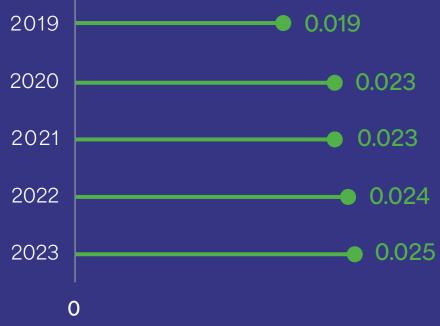
GHG intensity (tCO_2e / t ore processed)

Peñoles Mines



Fresnillo plc Mines

Social

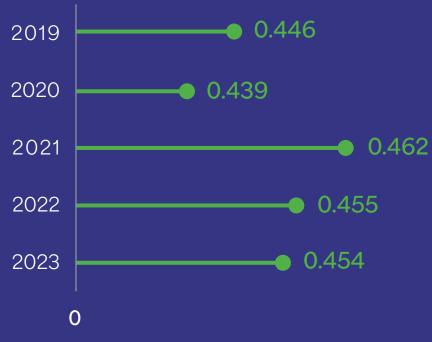


GHG intensity (tCO₂e /t production)





Chemicals



Production Metals and Chemicals includes products and by-products



